# **Selection Guide Electrically Released Brakes**

Electrically Released brakes fall within two categories: **Static Engage** and **Dynamic Stopping**. Static engage brakes are similar in function to an automotive parking brake: while they can be used to stop in an emergency, they are primarily to hold a load stationary after the load is already stopped. A static engage brake that is used as an active stopping brake at high cycle rate will wear out quickly.

Common industrial static applications are vertical or incline conveyors. The drive and motor may decelerate the conveyor to a stop and then engage the brake to hold the load in position. A second common application is where a servo or step motor will accelerate and decelerate the load and the brake holds the load in proper position.

Dynamic engage brakes are those designed to actively stop and hold the load. In these applications the brake is the force that stops the load as well as hold it. Dynamic engagement brakes are designed to provide appropriate life in applications where they experience frequent cycles per minute.

All electrically released brakes will engage when power is turned off and as such will provide emergency stop braking.

## Static Engage Brakes

- ERS
- ERD
- EM/ERS

#### **Dynamic Engage Brakes**

- FB
- ER
- EM-FBB, FBC, MBFB
- UM-FBC and MBFB
- Unibrake

		Model	Description / Application
Static Engage	See Catalog P-8589-WE	ERS	The ERS family of brakes is a spring set/ electrically released design. Excellent for use in holding applications. Torque ranges from 1.5 to 100 foot pounds.
		ERD	The ERD family of brakes is a spring set/ electrically released design similar in concept to the ERS designs. The ERD family extends the torque ratings from 3 to 220 foot pounds. The ERD family also includes an adjustable torque option and manual release option.
	S	EM/ERS	For C-face mounted applications the EM/ERS provides the ERS design with the easy to mount C-face mounting.
	See Catalog P-8590-WE	ER	ER brakes provide a permanent magnet engage/ electrically released design. The customer assembled design of the ER family allows for ease of installation into unique customer applications requiring torque ranges from 10 to 400 foot pounds.
		FB	The bearing mounted FB products are a permanent magnet engage/electrically released design. The bearing mounted design allows for simple mounting using just a torque arm for applications where a pre- assembled unit is desired and no mounting flange is available. Torque ranges from 10 to 56 foot pounds.
Engage		FBB	The C-face mount FBB units are designed to mount on the output side of a C-face motor where a brake only configuration is appropriate.
Dynamic Engage		MBFB	The MBFB designs are the same as the FBB, except they are for the back of motor mounting for double C-face motors.
		FBC	The C-face mount FBC units are designed to work with the clutch design for applications needing an electrically engaged clutch and electrically released brake.
	See Catalog P-8589-WE	Unibrake	The Unibrake designs are a spring set/ solenoid release brake for mounting to the back of the motor. This is a lower cost, lower cycle rate design compared to the MBFB. Adjustable torque and manual release are standard features.
	See Catalog	Unibrake Coupler	The coupler design of the Unibrake family is designed for mounting on the output side of a motor where a spring set/solenoid release brake is desired. Adjustable torque and manual release are standard features.

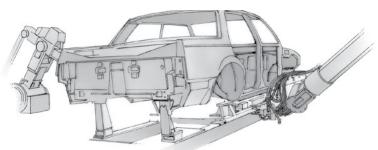
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# **Selection Guide Electrically Released Brakes**

Load Holding	Manual Release	Bearing Mount	Flange Mount	C-Face Mtg Drive Side	C-Face Mtg Non-Drive Side	Coil Voltage	Adjustable Torque
<b>√</b>						DC	
<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					DC	<b>✓</b>
<b>√</b>				1		DC	
✓			✓			DC	1
✓		<b>√</b>				DC	<b>✓</b>
✓				✓		DC	<b>✓</b>
1					<b>✓</b>	DC	1
<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>		DC	<b>√</b>
1	1				✓	AC	1
✓	✓			<b>✓</b>		DC or AC	<b>✓</b>

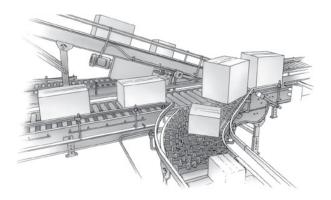
# **Spring-Set Electrically Released Brakes**

## **Spring Set Brakes**



#### **Robotics**

ERS Brakes can position and hold robotic equipment. Emergency braking in the event of power loss can prevent damage to equipment.



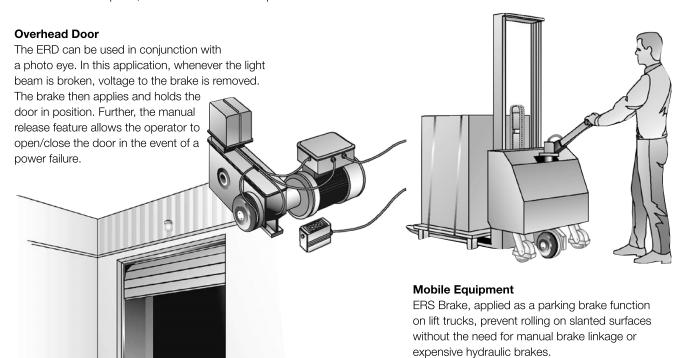
#### **Automated Material Handling Systems**

ERS Brakes hold rollers and lift mechanisms in place, and lock drive wheels in place.



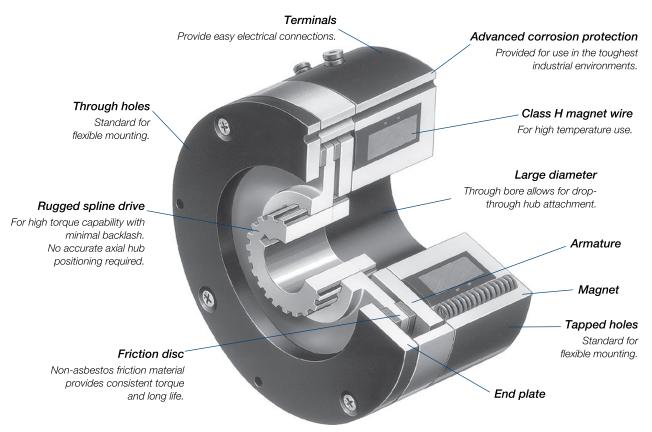
## **Medical Equipment**

ERS brakes are used as parking brakes in wheelchairs and holding brakes in medical apparatus such as mammography and cat scan equipment.



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# For Static Holding and Emergency Stopping



#### **Packaged Performance**

Warner Electric ERS Brakes are pre-assembled and burnished at the factory. The engineering is built-in. Each unit is checked to ensure full rated torque right out-of-the-box. Just secure the hub, bolt down the brake and wire it up. An optional AC to DC control is available for use with all 90 volt units. Unique mounting features make it easy to adapt the ERS Brake to almost any application requirement.

ERS brakes are available in NEMA C-face mounted modules. Please consult factory for assistance.

#### **Features**

- Designed for static holding operations
- Brake automatically engages when power is turned off
- Flexible mounting
- · Electrically released spring actuated
- Quick, quiet response for rapid engagement
- Compact, low profile design saves space
- Spline drive for high torque, minimal backlash and long life
- Available in five sizes. Static torque ratings from 1.5 lb.ft. to 100 lb.ft.
- UL listed All sizes.

**WARNING** For general use in horizontal shaft applications only. For possible vertical applications, contact technical support.

#### **Principle of Operation**

ERS Brake torque is developed when springs apply a clamping force between the brake armature and the friction disc to the end plate. Spring clamping force provides the holding torque of the brake.

To release the brake, electrical power is applied to the magnet coil, generating a magnetic attractive force between the armature and magnet. The magnetic force overcomes the spring action, allowing the friction disc to rotate freely.

"Electrically Released" brakes are so named because, when power is removed, the brake will stop and hold a load. This occurs when power is lost either intentionally or unexpectedly due to a machine malfunction. When power is on, the brake electrically releases the load, allowing it to move freely.

## **Selection**



#### Sizing

Three factors are important for proper sizing:

- Static holding torque requirement
- System inertia and brake RPM
- Stopping time

#### Step 1

#### **Holding Torque**

Select the size unit with torque capacity closest to, but not less than, the holding torque required.

Brake Size	Holding Torque Rating lb. ft.
ERS-26	1.5
ERS-42	7.0
ERS-49	15.0
ERS-57	34.0
ERS-68	100.0

#### Step 2

#### System Inertia/Emergency Stop

In an emergency stop (when power is interrupted), the ERS Brake will engage and bring the load to a stop. To properly size a brake for this application, load inertia must be known. This is the total inertia of all components which are to be brought to a stop. Adding the inertia of the ERS Brake is not necessary; it has been included in the selection chart.

With the load inertia and brake RPM known, use the Emergency Stop Selection Chart to verify your brake selection. Simply locate the intersection of your RPM and inertia and make sure you are not above the line for the brake you selected based on Holding Torque (Step 1). If you are above the line, select the brake designated by the next higher line.

#### **Selection Procedure**

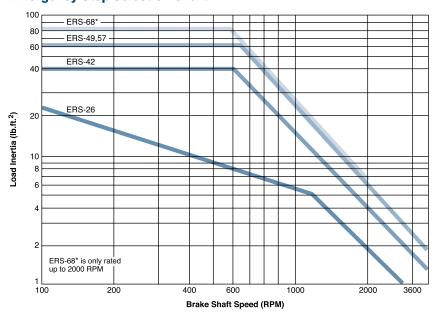
ERS Brakes are available in five models for an optimum size to match your application requirements. Static torque capabilities range from 1.5 lb.ft. to 100 lb.ft.

The stopping function is an important consideration when deciding which brake to use. Will the brake be engaged and disengaged in a static condition (zero speed difference between the armature disc and the friction disc)? If yes, the ERS Brake is the right choice.

Will the brake be normally engaged and disengaged in a static condition with intermittent engagements dynamically? An emergency stop is a good example. If yes, the ERS Brake is the ideal choice.

Will the brake be subject to frequent dynamic braking action? If yes, then a Warner Electric ER, FB or ERD brake should be considered. The ERS Brake is not the best choice for use as a high cycle rate dynamic brake.

## **Emergency Stop Selection Chart**



\*ERS-68 is only rated up to 2000 RPM

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## **Selection**

#### Step 3

#### **Stopping Time**

In some applications, it is desirable to know how fast a brake will bring a load to rest. The time to stop a load can be determined if the system inertia and brake holding torque are known, according to the following equation:

Where:  $t = \frac{WR^2N}{308T}$ 

t = time to stop the load in seconds (sec.)

WR<sup>2</sup> = system inertia at the brake location in pound-feet squared (lb.ft.²)

N = speed of the brake shaft in revolutions per minute (RPM)

T = rated brake holding torque in pound-feet (lb.ft.) See step 1, page 110.

Actual stopping times depend on application variables, which include brake temperature, electrical suppression (see the brake apply time data below), manufacturing tolerances, friction material wear, etc. For this reason, specific stop times should be evaluated under actual application conditions.

If your application has special requirements, please call us.

#### Step 4

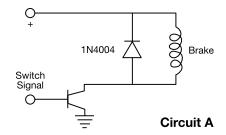
#### **Select Control**

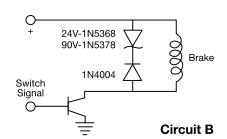
Consult the Controls Section for control product overview. The holding torque for an ERS is not adjustable. Therefore, an adjustable torque control is not required.

# **Brake Apply/Release Time (Typical Values)**

				Brake Apply T	ime (Seconds)	
	Brake Release Time (Seconds)		Suppression Circuit A		Suppression Circuit B	
Model	24V	90 <b>V</b>	24V	90 <b>V</b>	24 <b>V</b>	90 <b>V</b>
ERS-26	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.01
ERS-42	0.05	0.06	0.10	0.10	0.01	0.02
ERS-49	0.07	0.08	0.15	0.15	0.02	0.02
ERS-57	0.11	0.11	0.15	0.15	0.02	0.02
ERS-68	0.16	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.03	0.03

Note: Release and Apply Times are armature engagement and release only.





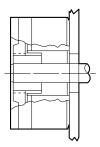
## **Armatures/Hubs**

#### **Armature Drives**

The rugged splined drive provides flexibility in selecting the most efficient method of coupling a load to the ERS Brake. Each unit size has standard splined hubs available for common shaft sizes.

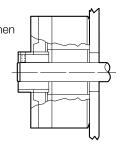
#### **Recessed Hub**

For maximum space efficiency, mount hub on shaft, then mount brake over hub.



#### **Extended Hub**

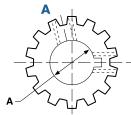
Mount brake first, then position hub on shaft so hub is beyond the brake.



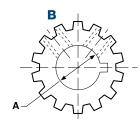
# Mating Splined Member Machined spline on drive member matches armature spline to operate brake.

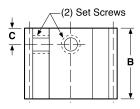
## **Drive Hub/Spline and Interface Data**

#### **Set Screw Orientation**



#### **Set Screw Orientation**





Model	A Bore	Mating Key (Not furnished)	Set screw Orientation	B Nom.	C Nom.	Set Screws	No. of Teeth	Dia. Pitch	Pressure Angle
	.2525/ .2505	1/16 x 1/16	В						
ERS-26	.3150/ .3130	1/16 x 1/16	В	.600	.135	6-32	14	20/40	30°
	.3775/ .3755	3/32 x 3/32	В						
	.3775/ .3755	3/32 x 3/32	Α						
	.5025/ .5005	1/8 x 1/8	Α						
ERS-42	.6275/ .6255	3/16 x 3/16	Α	.700	.150	8-32	19	16/32	30°
	.7525/ .7505	3/16 x 3/16	В						
	.3775/ .3755	3/32 x 3/32	Α						
	.5025/ .5005	1/8 x 1/8	Α						
ERS-49	.6275/ .6255	3/16 x 3/16	Α	.800	.160	10-32	21	16/32	30°
	.7525/ .7505	3/16 x 3/16	В						
	.8775/ .8755	3/16 x 3/16	В						
	.5025/ .5005	1/8 x 1/8	Α						
	.6275/ .6255	3/16 x 3/16	Α						
ERS-57	.7525/ .7505	3/16 x 3/16	Α	.800	.190	1/4-20	15	10/20	30°
	.8755/ .8755	3/16 x 3/16	В						
	1.0025/1.0005	1/4 x1/4	В						
	1.0025/1.0005	1/4 x 1/4	Α						
	1.1275/1.1255	1/4 x 1/4	Α						
ERS-68	1.2525/1.2505	1/4 x 1/4	Α	.900	.190	1/4-20	22	10/20	30°
	1.3775/1.3755	5/16 x 5/16	Α						
	1.5025/1.5005	3/8 x 3/8	В						

Note: Involute spline data per ANSI B92. 1a-1976, Class 5.

#### **Backlash**

Total unit backlash includes spline and armature movement. It is typically less than one degree of rotation. Spline backlash alone is typically 15 minutes of rotation or less.

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# **Mounting**

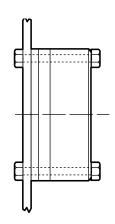
## **Mounting Orientation**

ERS Brakes are easily modified to accommodate different mounting orientations. The brake can be mounted with either face against the mounting surface. The following mountings are possible with the standard ERS brake.

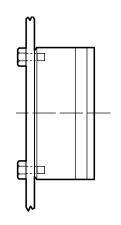
## **Mounting Requirements**

- 1. Mounting surface to be perpendicular to shaft with in .006" T.I.R.
- 2. Mounting holes to be within .015" true position to the shaft.

## **Through Bolt** Provides rigid support. May be mounted on either side of brake.



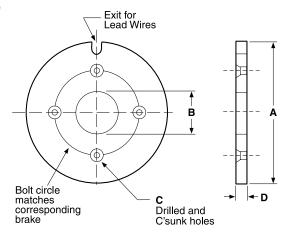
**Tapped Hole** Works well where through bolt mounting is impractical.



Flange Flange mounting to brake tapped holes for most versatile attachment to many different

housings, motors, and frames.

## **Optional Adapter Mounting Flange**



Model	A Nom.	B Nom.	C Holes	D Nom.
ERS-26	4.000	.935	#4	.100
ERS-42	5.000	1.450	#6	.144
ERS-49	6.250	1.575	#8	.193
ERS-57	7.500	1.825	#10	.193
ERS-68	9.500	2.500	1/4	.224

Note: Holes for attaching flange to mounting surface to be provided by customer.

# **Ordering Information**

#### **Accessories**

#### **Adapter Flanges**



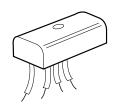
Model	Part Number
ERS-26	686-0182
ERS-42	686-0183
ERS-49	686-0184
ERS-57	686-0185
ERS-68	686-0186

#### **Conduit Box**



Model	Part Number
Conduit Box	5154-101-001
Mounts to	
ERS-49, 57 and 68	only

#### **Controls**



Model	Part Number
CBC-100-1	6003-448-101

AC to DC Control

To be used with 90V ERS brakes

See the Controls Section on CTL-1 for complete information.

CBC-100-1 is 110 volt only

# **Ordering Information**

Ordering the appropriate ERS brake for your application is a simple, step-by-step procedure based on the intended function, brake size, mounting configuration and operating voltage of the unit best suited for your needs, including any optional parts and accessories that you may require. A Warner Electric sales representative or distributor is always happy to provide assistance.

#### **How to Order**

- 1. Verify that the brake is to be used in a static holding/intermittent engagement application.
- 2. Choose the correct size ERS Brake from the selection procedure on pages 110-111. Select the correct brake part number for the appropriate size and desired operating voltage.
- 3. Choose the splined hub part number for the required bore diameter and unit size.

 Select optional accessories, such as: adapter flange kit, AC to DC control and conduit box kit.

#### **ERS Brake**

Model	Voltage	Part Number
ERS-26	24V	5158-170-016
ENS-20	90V	5158-170-015
ERS-42	24V	5151-170-002
ENO-42	90V	5151-170-001
FRS-49	24V	5155-170-002
En3-49	90V	5155-170-001
FRS-57	24V	5153-170-003
En3-37	90V	5153-170-002
ERS-68	24V	5154-170-002
LN3-00	90V	5154-170-001
		•

#### **Splined Hub**

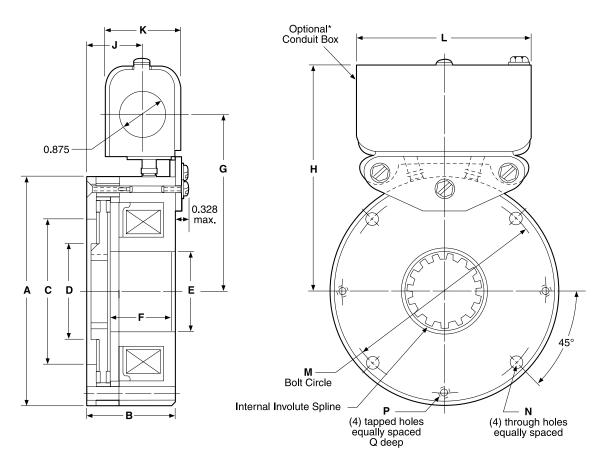
Model	Bore Dia.	Part Number
	.250	5158-541-006
ERS-26	.312	5158-541-007
	.375	5158-541-008
	.375	5151-541-002
FRS-42	.500	5151-541-003
LI 10 42	.625	5151-541-004
	.750	5151-541-005
	.375	5155-541-002
	.500	5155-541-003
ERS-49	.625	5155-541-004
	.750	5155-541-005
-	.875	5155-541-006
	.500	5153-541-004
	.625	5153-541-005
ERS-57	.750	5153-541-006
	.875	5153-541-007
	1.000	5153-541-008
	1.000	5154-541-005
	1.125	5154-541-006
ERS-68	1.250	5154-541-007
	1.375	5154-541-008
·-	1.500	5154-541-009

#### **Special Requirements**

ERS Brake modifications such as metric bores, special voltages and low torque units are available. Consult factory.

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# ERS-26, ERS-42, ERS-49, ERS-57, ERS-68



\*Available only for the ERS-49, 57, and 68 sizes